

Event driven Microservices with VERT.X & Kubernetes

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■ Agenda

1. Why?
2. Event driven Microservices
3. VERT.X & Hazelcast
4. Docker & Kubernetes
5. Hazelcast & Kubernetes
6. Demo

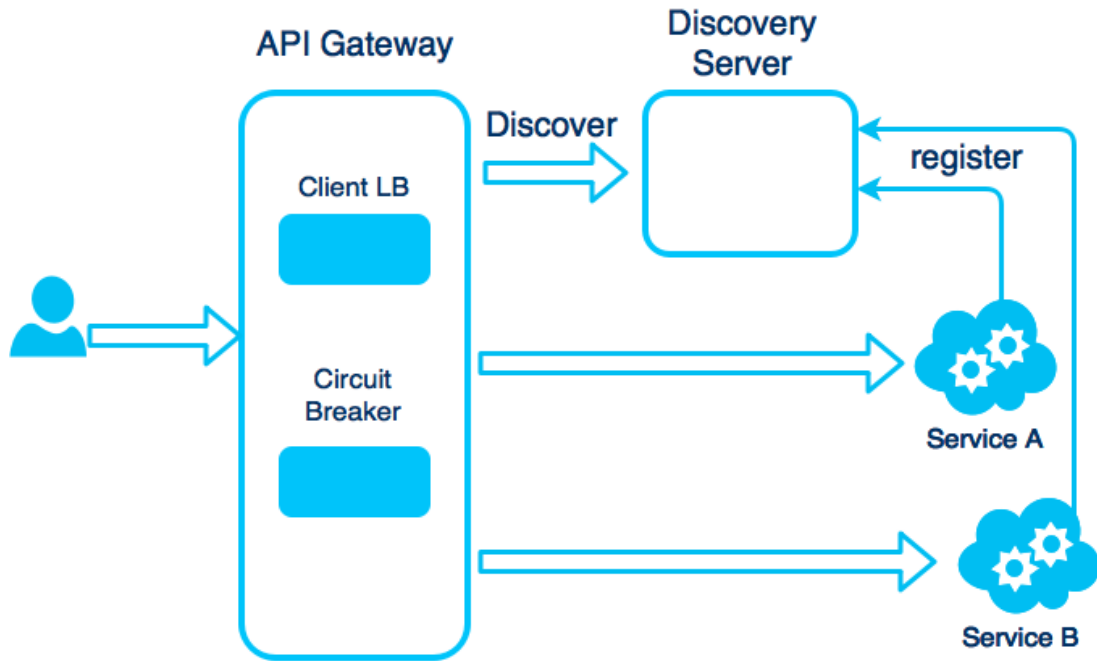
Why?

■ Why?

- Developing **one** Microservice is **fun**
- Reduced scope
- Choose your technology/language
- Easy to deploy/test

Life could be so easy :-)

■ Why?



Typical microservice architecture

■ Why?

- Developing **many** Microservices can be a **pain**
 - Complex deployment / orchestration / testing
 - Service registry & lookup → latency
 - DNS & Load balancer → complex

■ Why?

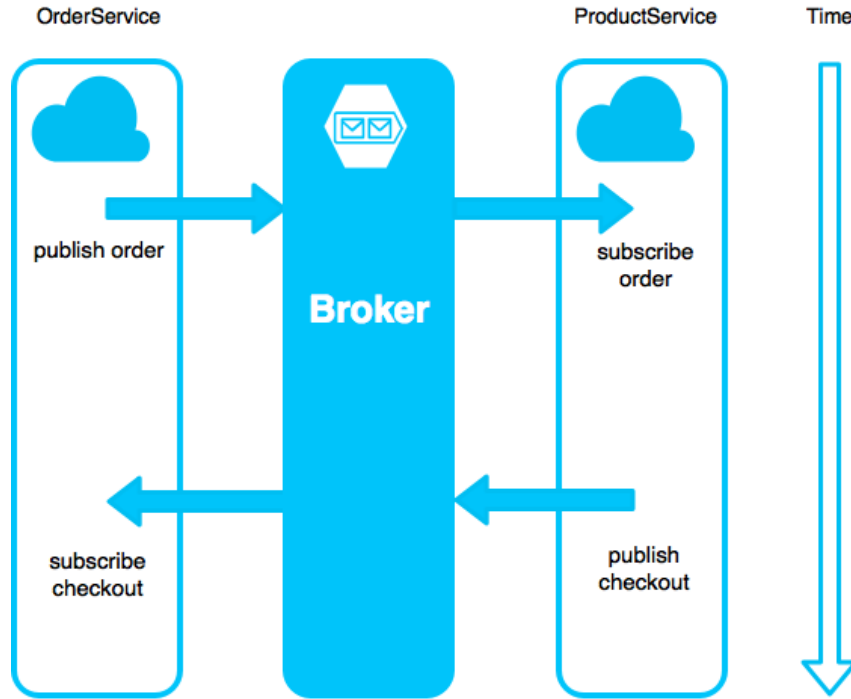
- **Idea**
 - **Avoid Service registry & lookup**
 - **Decouple services → async + events**
 - **Fast re-/deploy**
 - **And more: resilient,...**

Event driven Microservices

■ Event driven microservice

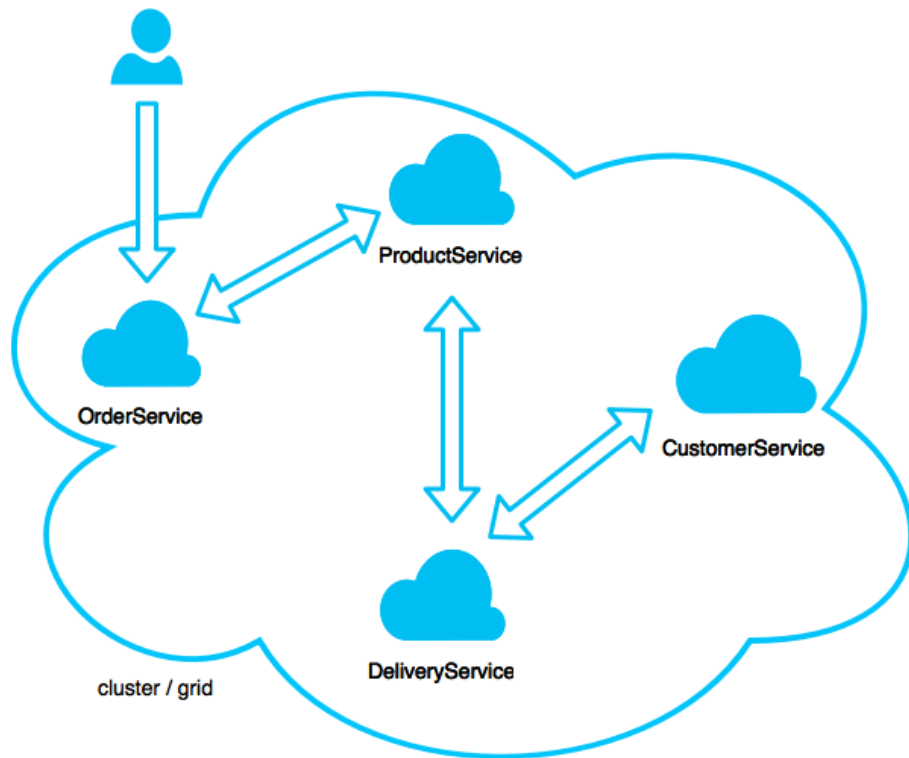
- **Asynchronously**
- **Any number of receivers**
- **Easy Load Balancing**
- **Pub/Sub + p2p**
- **No need for service discovery**

■ Event-driven (micro-)service



- Traditional way → Message Broker
- No direct request / response
- Broker → single point of failure

■ Event-driven microservice



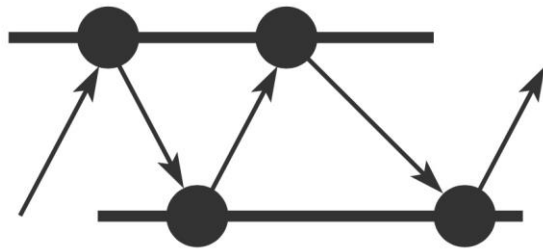
- Using an in-memory data grid
- Automatic node lookup (services)
- Failover
- Shared data → replicated in cluster
- Pub / sub
- Request / response
- NO Service discovery

VERT.X & Hazelcast

■ What Vert.x is

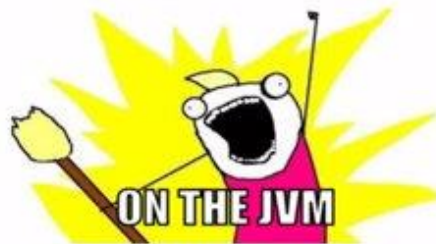
VERT.X is a tool-kit for building **reactive**
applications on the **JVM**

■ What Vert.x is



scale

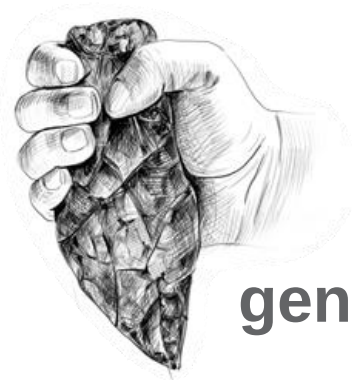
RUN ALL THE THINGS



polyglot



fun



general purpose

■ Verticles

- Smallest deployable unit

- Scalable

- Actor-like

- Access to Vertx instance

```
public class Service extends AbstractVerticle {  
  
    public void start() {  
        this.vertx...  
    }  
  
    public void stop() {  
  
    }  
  
}
```

■ Event Loop

- Multi-Reactor - event loop

(N threads for N verticles on one instance)

- **Don't block the Event-Loop!**

- Don't call us, we call you

```
server.requestHandler(request -> {  
  
    request.response().end(„Hello!");  
  
});
```

■ Event Bus (EB)

- Nervous system of Vert.x
- Communicate
- Distributed p2p
- Pub/sub
- Request-response

```
EventBus eb = vertx.eventBus();
```

```
eb.send("the.addr", "hello", ar -> {  
    log.info(ar.result().body());  
});
```

```
eb.consumer("the.addr", message -> {  
    message.reply("don't know");  
});
```

■ What is Hazelcast ?



is an In-Memory Data Grid

(and the default cluster provider of Vert.X)

■ Hazelcast

- Open Source & Enterprise Edition
- Features:
 - Distributed Caching & Compute
 - **Clustering**
 - Storage
 - Management & Security

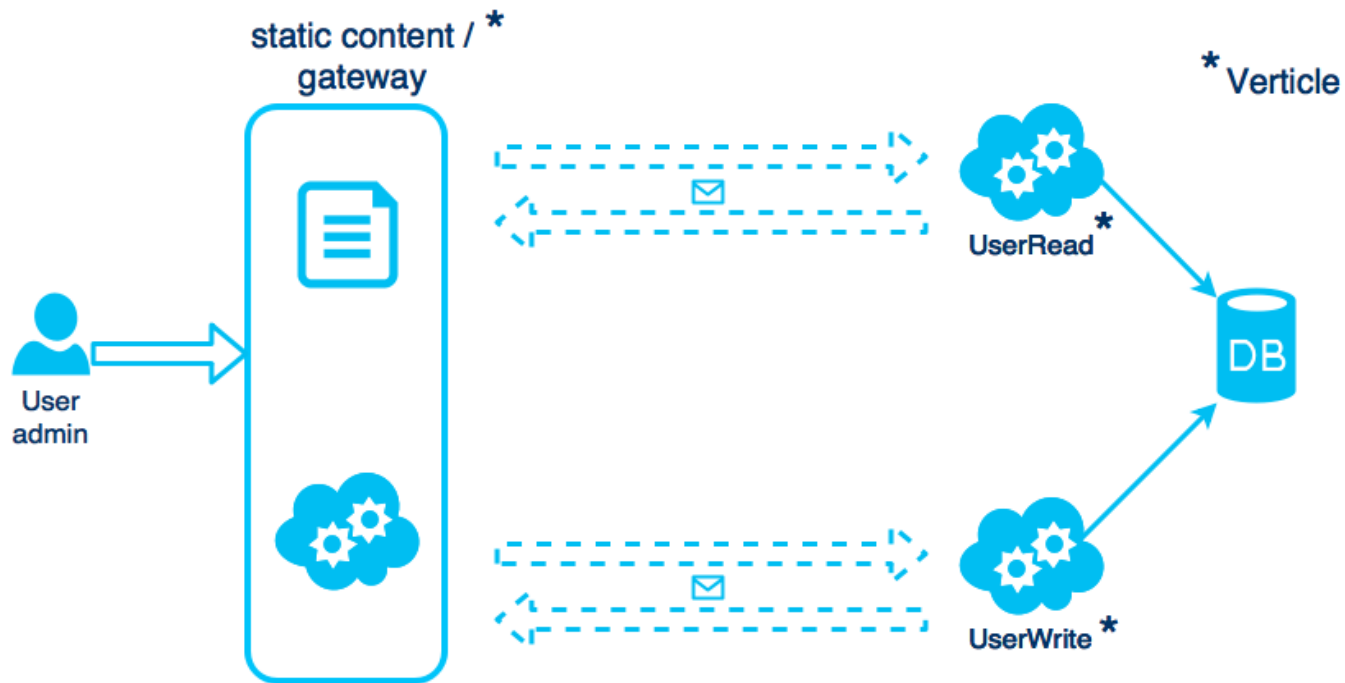
■ Hazelcast Clustering

- Discover Cluster Members using:
 - Multicast
 - TCP
 - EC2 Cloud
 - jclouds
- Plugins:
 - AWS
 - Azure
 - Kubernetes
 - Etcd
 - ...

■ Run Vert.x in clustered mode

- Vert.x default config: multicast
- **„java -jar service.jar -cluster“**

■ Demo



Demo

https://github.com/amoAHCP/kube_vertx_demo

Docker & Kubernetes

■ Docker

isolation + automation + inheritance + repository + versioning



Docker alone doesn't make you happy ;-)

■ Kubernetes



Scale

HA distributed containers

Google starts

>20billion apps/week

Gmail, Web Search, Maps...

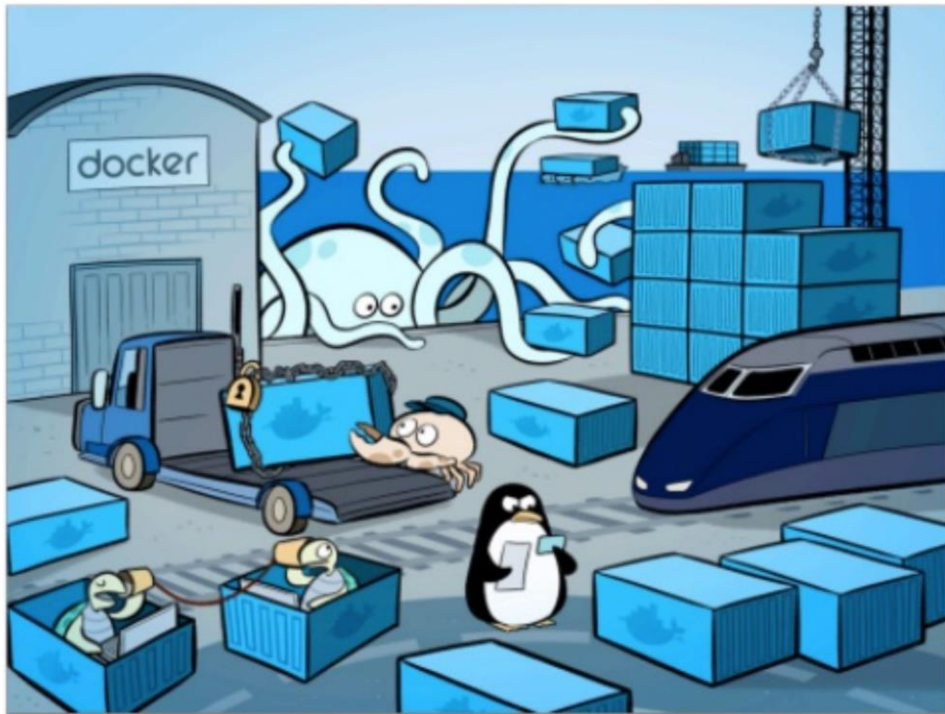
■ Kubernetes



But

It is not trivial

■ Kubernetes



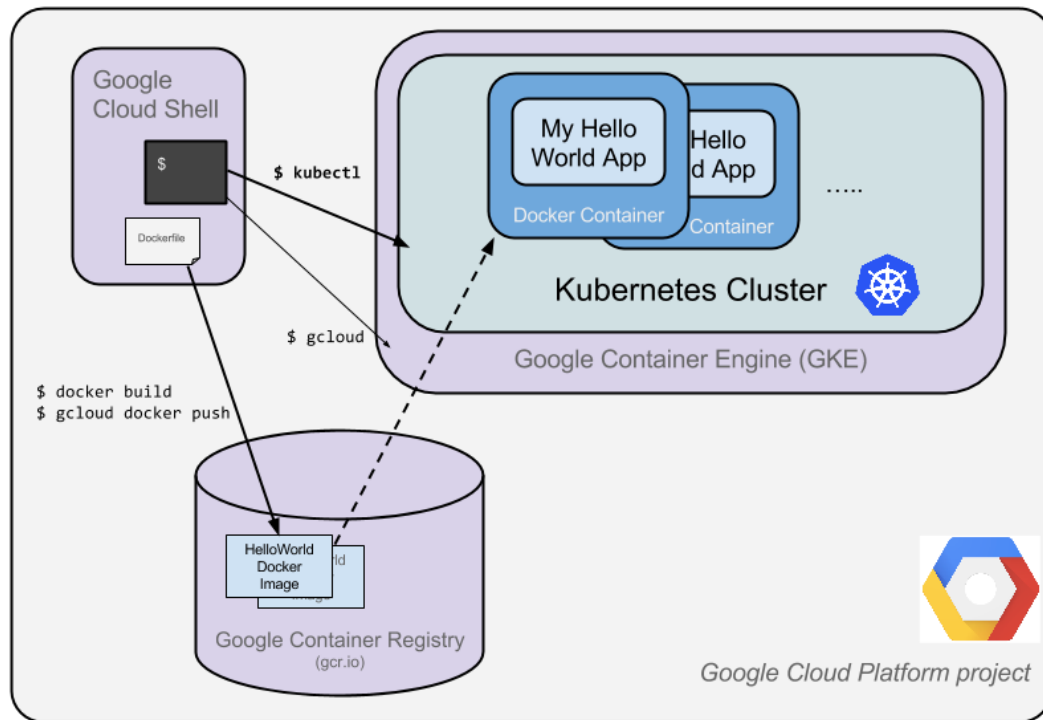
Service oriented
Services -> machines

“Let users manage
applications, not machines”

■ Kubernetes

- Platform for hosting containers in clusters
- Docker containers across multiple hosts
- Provides: monitoring, grouping, load balancing, auto-healing, scaling
- Contributors: Google, Redhat, Microsoft, ...

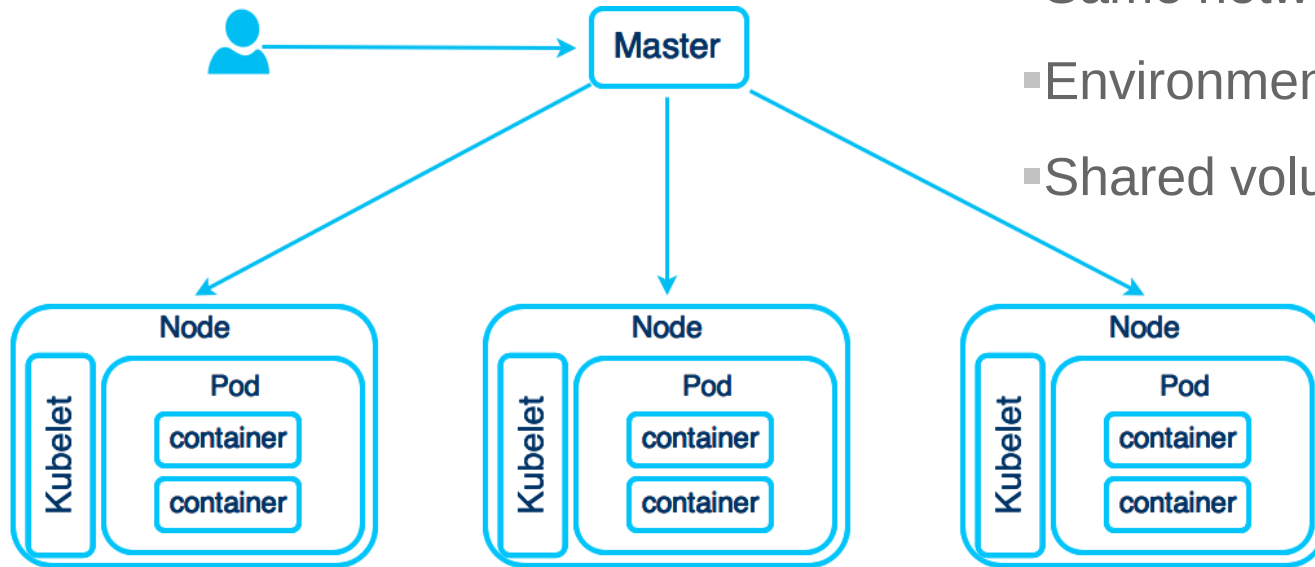
■ Kubernetes – Key concepts



1. Push Docker image to Registry
2. Create service
3. Create Controller
4. (Scale Pods)

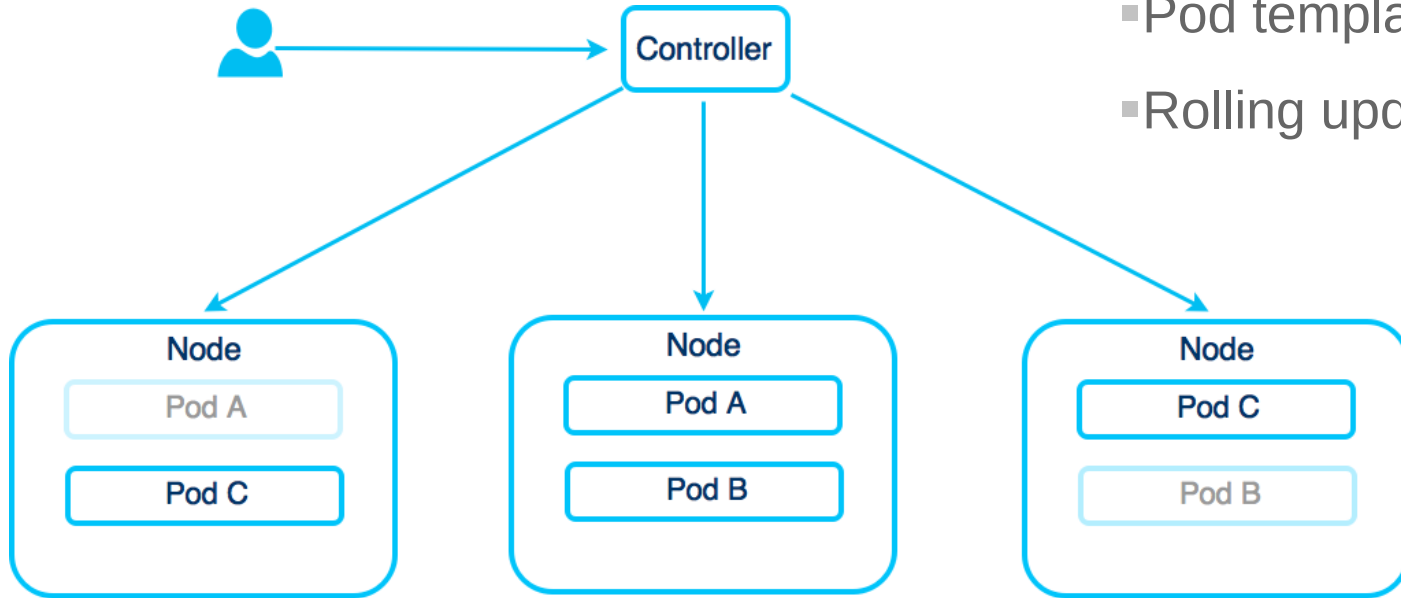
■ Kubernetes Pods

- Group of containers
- Same network / namespace / IP
- Environmental variables
- Shared volumes



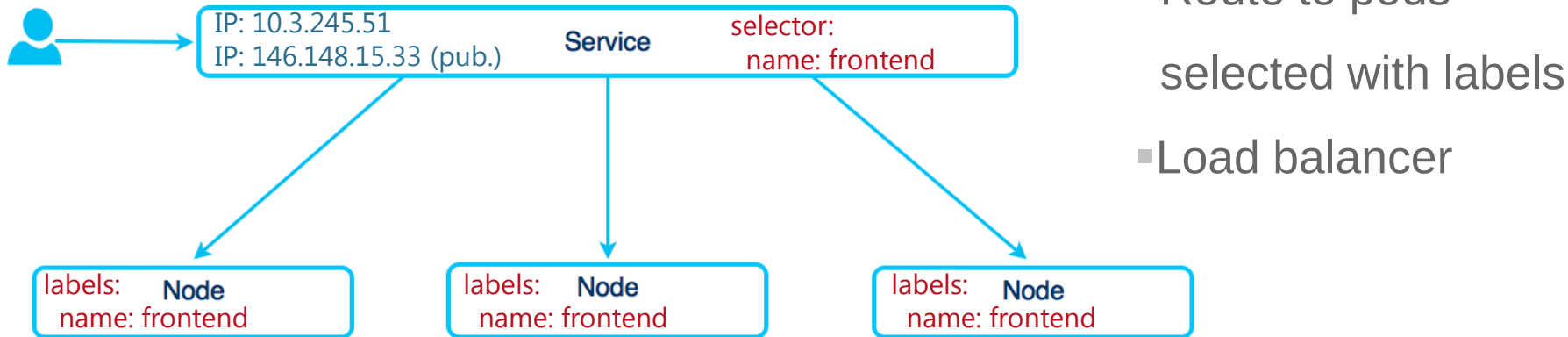
■ Kubernetes Controller

- Ensure X pods are running
- Pod templates
- Rolling update



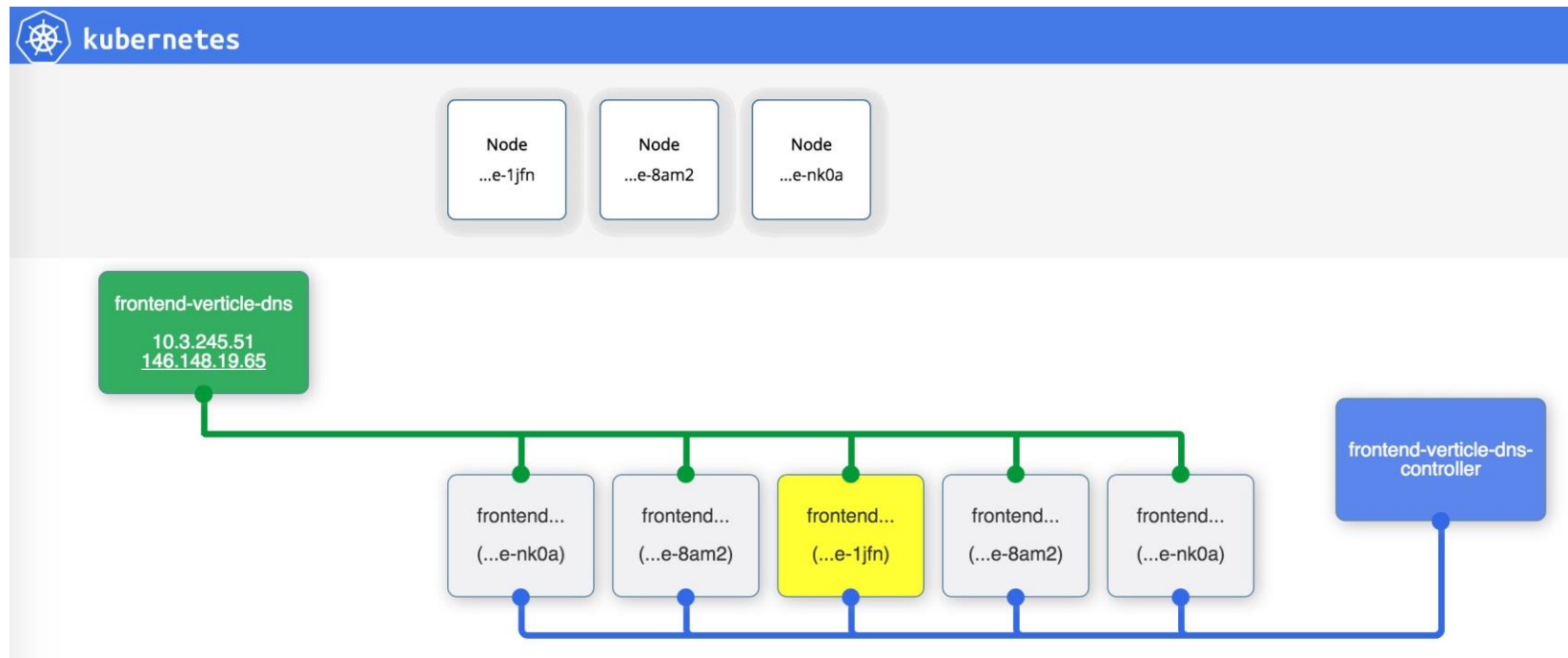
Kubernetes Services

ports:
-port: 80
targetPort: 8181



- Pod discovery
- IP per service
- Route to pods selected with labels
- Load balancer

Kubernetes – all together



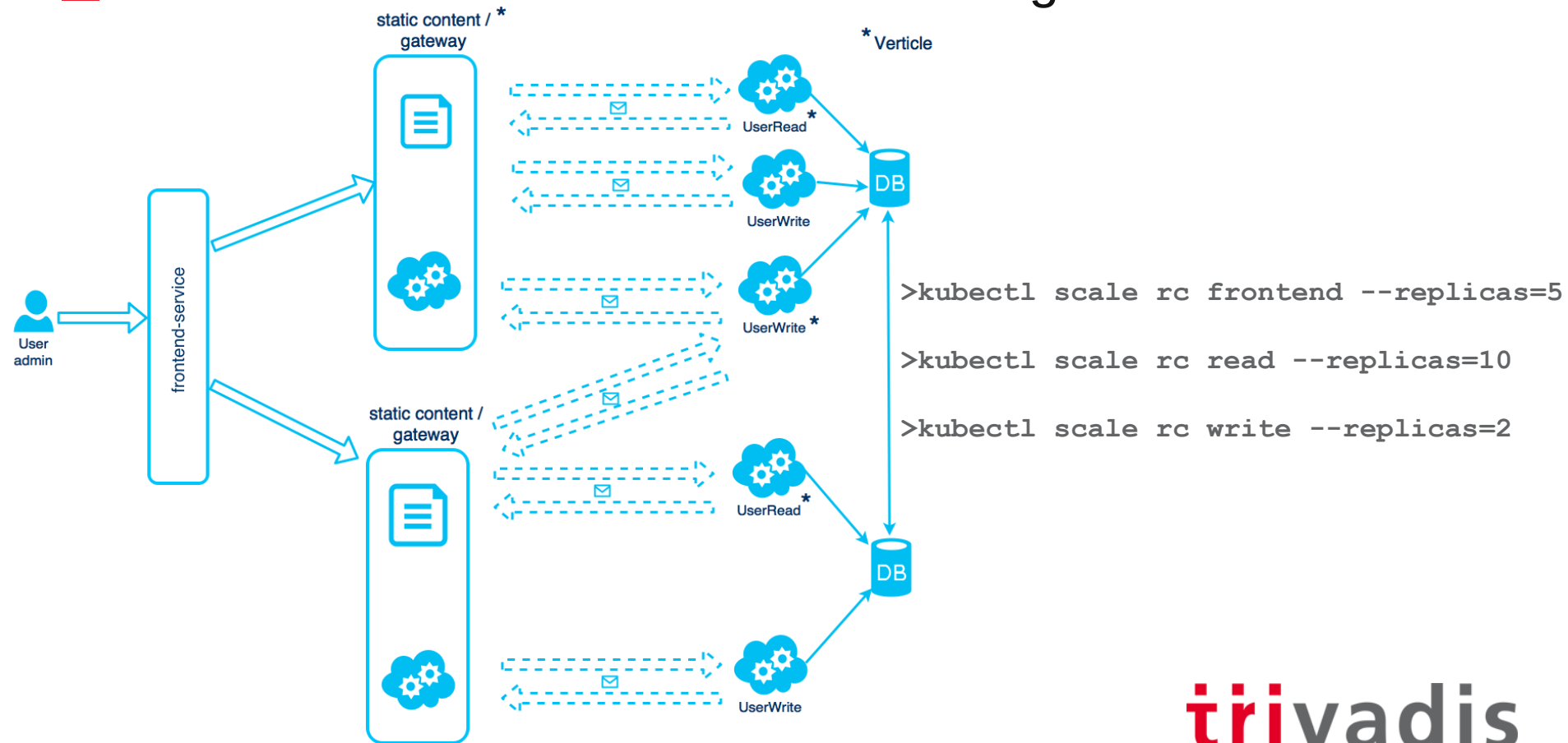
<https://github.com/brendandburns/gcp-live-k8s-visualizer>

Hazelcast & Kubernetes

■ Hazelcast & Kubernetes → What we want

- **Case 1:** Lookup all nodes (Verticles) managed by controller
 - 1 – N pods
 - 1 – X container
- **Case 2:** Lookup all nodes in a cluster
 - N services per cluster
 - Routing to X pods

■ Hazelcast & Kubernetes → What we get



■ Hazelcast & Kubernetes → What we get

- Easy scale- up/down of service instances
- Failover provided by Kubernetes and Hazelcast
- Distributed Event-Bus → each Verticle instance
- Replicated shared data

■ Hazelcast node discovery in Kubernetes

■ Discover Cluster Members using:

- ~~Multicast~~
- TCP
- ~~EC2 Cloud~~
- ~~jclouds~~

■ Plugins:

- ~~AWS~~
- ~~Azure~~
- Kubernetes
- ~~Eted~~
- ...

■ Hazelcast node discovery in Kubernetes

- Hazelcast discovery plugin for Kubernetes
 - Option 1: Kubernetes **REST API**
 - Allows discovery by **service name**
 - Option 2: **DNS Lookup**
 - Enable custom cluster.xml in Vert.X → put to classpath
 - <https://github.com/noctarius/hazelcast-kubernetes-discovery>

■ Hazelcast node discovery in Kubernetes (2)

- Vertx-service-discovery project (similar to Hazelcast Option 1)
 - Option: Kubernetes **REST API**
 - Allows discovery by **label** OR by **namespace**
 - Enable custom cluster.xml in Vert.X → put to classpath
 - <https://github.com/vert-x3/vertx-service-discovery>

■ Hazelcast node discovery in Kubernetes

```
<hazelcast>
```

```
  <properties>
```

```
    <!-- at the moment the discovery needs to be activated explicitly -->
```

```
    <property name="hazelcast.rest.enabled">true</property>
```

```
  </properties>
```

```
...
```

```
  <discovery-strategy enabled="true"
```

```
    class="....HazelcastKubernetesDiscoveryStrategy">
```

```
    <properties>
```

```
      <property name="service-name">frontend-verticle</property>
```

```
      <property name="namespace">default</property>
```

```
    </properties>
```

```
  </discovery-strategy>
```

```
</hazelcast>
```

Hazelcast.xml / Cluster.xml

■ REST API

Missing in official Doc. !

- your Service name
 - master Service!
 - needs a Kubernetes Service!

■ Vert.x / Hazelcast node discovery in Kubernetes

<hazelcast>

<properties>

<!-- at the moment the discovery needs to be activated explicitly -->

<property name="hazelcast.rest.enabled">true</property>

</properties>

...

<discovery-strategy enabled="true"

class="....**HazelcastKubernetesDiscoveryStrategy**">

<properties>

<property name="service-label-name">cluster1</property>

<property name="service-label-value">true</property>

<property name="namespace">default</property>

</properties>

</discovery-strategy>

</hazelcast>

■ REST API

Missing in official Doc. !

- Partition your cluster with labels
- OR find all in namespace

Hazelcast.xml / Cluster.xml

■ Hazelcast node discovery in Kubernetes

```
<hazelcast>
  <properties>
    <!-- at the moment the discovery needs to be activated explicitly -->
    <property name="hazelcast.discovery.enabled">true</property>
  </properties>
...
  <discovery-strategy enabled="true"
    class="....HazelcastKubernetesDiscoveryStrategy">

    <properties>
      <property name="service-dns">cluster.local</property>
    </properties>
  </discovery-strategy>
</hazelcast>
```

Hazelcast.xml / Cluster.xml

■ DNS Lookup

■ DNS must be enabled in
Kubernetes (kube2sky)!

your Service name
OR
DNS_DOMAIN name
(cluster.local → find all
containers)

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■ Hazelcast node discovery in Kubernetes

- Status of Vert.x / Hazelcast discovery plugins for Kubernetes
 - ✓ Vert.x / Hazelcast REST API implementation is more flexible
 - ✓ Available since Vert.x 3.3.0
 - ✓ Code can be (technically) merged to Hazelcast plugin
 - ✓ Hazelcast DNS API has a **bug** in PORT discovery
 - ✓ workaround: <https://github.com/amoAHCP/hazelcast-kubernetes-discovery>

Demo

https://github.com/amoAHCP/kube_vertx_demo/tree/dns-resolving

■ Try this at home

- Test Kubernetes in Docker

- <https://github.com/vyshane/kid>

- Many other Docker-compose based solutions available

- Limitations: no public IP & access to public service

- Workaround:

- `kubectl get -o yaml service/myService | grep nodePort`

- `wget http://$(docker-machine ip):nodePort`

■ Conclusion

- Vert.x is lightweight, fast and easy to use
 - typical web-app, microservices, aggregator / bridge, security, integration, stream-/event-processing
- Kubernetes :
 - Functional improvement over clustered infrastructure
 - easy deploy, update and scale of applications

Thank you

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